



*The following is the official ZBO (breeding guidelines) verbatim as approved by the ISG.*

## **PShR Horses: Registry**

### **Studbook Regulations – PShR**

#### **1. General Requirements:**

The purpose of the Performance Shagya-Arabian Registry of the United States (PShR) is to record, promote and encourage the development of the Shagya Arabian and/or Shagya related horses as per the standards of the Internationale Shagya-Araber Gesellschaft (ISG) General Studbook Regulation Framework (RZBO). These regulations will include but will not be limited to the following RZBO general regulations:

**1.1** The PShR will maintain a studbook for Purebred-Shagya-Arabian. The PShR General Studbook Regulations will be based on the ISG General Studbook Regulation Framework (RZBO), which are considered the minimum requirement.

**1.2** The PShR will commit to complying with the RZBO and acknowledge the ISG as the umbrella organization, which - for the purpose of an origin studbook regulation - define and maintain the regulations internationally for Shagya-Arabian breeding together with its member associations.

**1.3** The PShR will maintain Stallion Books I and II each with a respective appendix.

*The following is provided as an explanation of the PShR ZBO and for reference only.*

## **Performance Shagya-Arabian Registry Studbook Regulations (ZBO)**

### **Studbook Regulations – PShR**

#### **1. General Requirements:**

The purpose of the Performance Shagya-Arabian Registry (PShR) is to record, promote and encourage the development of the Shagya Arabian and/or Shagya related horses as per the standards of the Internationale Shagya-Araber Gesellschaft (ISG) General Studbook Regulation Framework (RZBO). These regulations will include but will not be limited to the following RZBO general regulations:

**1.1** The PShR will maintain a studbook for Purebred-Shagya-Arabian's. The PShR General Studbook Regulations will be based on the ISG General Studbook Regulation Framework (RZBO), which are considered the minimum requirements.

**1.2** The PShR will comply with the Internationale Shagya-Araber Gesellschaft RZBO and recognize the ISG as the umbrella organization which defines and maintains the international breeding regulations for the Shagya-Arabian throughout its' member associations.

**1.3** The PShR will maintain Stallion Books I and II each with a respective appendix.

**1.4.** The PShR will maintain Mare Books I and II each with a respective appendix.

**1.5** In order to register imported horses with the PSHR, a certified translation of the breeding certificate (pedigree) has to be presented verifying the horse is registered or eligible for registration in a corresponding studbook registry in its country of origin either by the World Arabian Horse Organization WAHO in case of Purebred Arabians, or by a breeding association recognized by the ISG in case of Shagya-Arabian.

**1.4.** The PShR will maintain Mare Books I and II each with a respective appendix.

**1.5** To register or record an imported horse with the PShR, a certified translation of the breeding certificate (pedigree) must be presented to verify the:

**1.5.1** Shagya-Arabian is recognized by the ISG and registered with an ISG member association.

**1.5.2** Purebred Arabian is registered with an affiliate of the World Arabian Horse Organization (WAHO) and approved for Shagya breeding by an ISG member association.

## **Studbook Categories**

### **Stallions**

Due to the circumstances that Shagya-Arabians in the USA didn't comply to the new RZBO of the ISG, the PShR will allow a transition period for posthumous horses until 2012. Historical horses approved for Shagya breeding in the USA, with complete documentation, can apply for placement in the PShR studbooks based on past performance. In addition, progeny submitted for meritorious and licensing criteria do not have to be registered in the PShR studbooks during this same grace period. Complete documentation must be supplied to count achievements for horses nominating for Licensing recognition. These non-registered progeny will be used for documentation purposes only, they will not be individually placed in the PShR studbooks unless they apply for PShR registration.

## **Studbook Categories**

### **Stallions**

Due to the circumstances that Shagya-Arabians in the USA were not in compliance with the new RZBO of the ISG, the PShR will allow a transition period for posthumous horses until 2012. Historical horses approved for Shagya breeding in the USA using only conformation assessment, can apply for placement in the PShR studbooks based on complete documentation of past performance. In addition, progeny submitted for documentation of a stallion's meritorious and/or licensing criteria do not have to be registered in the PShR studbooks during this same grace period. Complete documentation must be supplied to count achievements for horses nominating for licensing recognition. These non-registered progeny will be used for documentation purposes only, they will not be individually placed in the PShR studbooks unless they apply for PShR registration.

## Studbook Departments

### Stallions

#### Book I

- 1- Seven (7) or more registered Shagya-Arabians in the 4th generation
- 2- Minimum average inspection score of 7 or higher at a ISG affiliated inspection
- 3- a Stallions performance test has to be completed, to assure a permanent stay in Book I. There is no age limit.
- 4- One parent is a Book 1\*\*\* Shagya and the other a purebred Arabian. Arabian stallions must be approved for Shagya breeding and in the PShR Stallion Book I. As of and including 2010 purebred Arabian mares who have produced a foal by a Shagya-Arabian stallion do not have to be approved for Shagya breeding and continue to be used for Shagya breeding. Purebred Arabian mares who have not produced a foal by 2010 will not be able to produce foals for Book I, without licensing.

#### Conditions for a permanent entry into Stallions book I:

Stallions, which haven't done a performance test yet, are able to be entered into stallions book I under following conditions: That they pass the test latest after the third breeding or /and latest three years after the inspection. The PSHR is able to extend the timeframe under special circumstances in individual cases to maximum 18 months. Entered stallions, which didn't do the performance test in this time period or didn't pass, have to be removed from the stallions book I and are beginning with this date stallions book II stallions.

Injured stallions or stallions, which can't, because of their age perform anymore, are able after an applications to the board of the PSHR to be released from this rule.

To fulfill the minimum requirements of the ISG,

## Studbook Departments

### Stallions

#### Book I

- 1 Stallions must have seven (7) or more registered Shagya-Arabians in the 4th generation
- 2 Stallions must receive a minimum average inspection score of seven (7) or higher at an ISG affiliated inspection.
- 3 Upon breeding inspection and veterinary exam stallions will be temporarily placed in Studbook I. Conditions for permanent entry must be completed to retain placement in the Stallion Studbook I. There is not an age limit on the performance test completion date.
  - 3.1 Stallions must be performance tested to maintain permanent placement in Studbook I. After approval for breeding a stallion must complete his performance testing and comply with the following:
    - 3.1.1 Stallions are only allowed three progeny before he completes performance criteria
    - 3.1.2 A stallion must complete his performance criteria within three years of his breeding approval.
  - 3.2 The PShR may extend the time frame for a stallion to complete his performance testing in special circumstances up to a maximum of 18 months.
  - 3.3 Injured or stallions unable to compete due to age may apply to the PShR to be released from this rule to remain in Studbook I.
- 4 In order to satisfy the minimum requirements of the ISG, Shagya-Arabian stallions used for breeding in the US and Canada up to and including the year 2012, may apply to the PShR for permanent placement in Studbook I.
- 5 Stallions with a Book I parent and a purebred Arabian parent may be placed in the PShR Studbook I if:
  - 5.1 If the sire is a purebred Arabian it must have been approved for Shagya breeding.

which were only in parts fulfilled in the USA, the owner of stallions which were allowed to breed in the USA until 2012 and their sires didn't have a performance test, are able to apply for licensing at the board of the PSHR for a fee.

### **Book I Appendix**

1- Less than seven (7) Shagya-Arabians and Purebred Arabians in the 4th generation , anything else the same like BOOK I

### **Book II**

1- Seven (7) or more registered Shagya-Arabians in the 4th generation

2- average inspection score less than 7 at a ISG affiliated inspection

3- and/or no Stallions Performance Test

### **Book II Appendix**

1-Less than seven (7) Shagya-Arabians in the 4th generation, anything else like in BOOK II

**5.2** If the dam is a purebred Arabian, the following must be taken into consideration:

**5.2.1** Beginning in 2010, purebred Arabian mares who have produced a foal by a Shagya-Arabian stallion do not have to be approved for Shagya breeding and may continue to be used for Shagya breeding.

**5.2.2** Purebred Arabian mares that have not produced a foal by a Shagya-Arabian by the year 2010 must be approved for breeding to produce foals eligible for Book I.

### **Book I Appendix (Book IA)**

**1.1** Stallions with less than seven (7) Shagya-Arabians in the 4th generation but meet the remaining requirements as Book I are eligible for Book IA.

**1.2** Purebred Arabians stallions meeting the requirements in Book I are eligible for Book IA.

### **Book II**

**1** Stallions must have seven (7) or more registered Shagya-Arabians in the 4th generation.

**2** The following points will place a Studbook I stallion into Studbook II:

**2.1** An average inspection score less than seven (7) at an ISG affiliated inspection

**2.2** And/or has not completed a Stallion Performance Test within three years of his inspection date

**2.3** And/or has more than three progeny.

### **Book II Appendix (Book IIA)**

**1** Stallions with less than seven (7) Shagya-Arabians in the 4th generation.

**2** The following points will place a Studbook IA stallion into Studbook IIA:

**2.1** An average inspection score less than seven (7) at an ISG affiliated inspection

**2.2** And/or has not completed a Stallion Performance Test within three years of his inspection date,

**2.3** And/or has more than three progeny.

**3** Purebred Arabians stallions meeting the requirements as Book II are eligible for Book IIA

## **PShR Studbook: Mares**

### **Book I**

1- Seven (7) or more registered Shagya-Arabians in the 4th generation

2- Minimum average inspection score of 7 or higher at a ISG affiliated inspection

3- Both parents are Book 1\*\*\* horses OR

4- One parent is a Book 1\*\*\* Shagya-Arabian and the other a purebred Arabian. Arabian stallions must be approved for Shagya breeding and in the PShR Stallion Book I. As of and including 2010 purebred Arabian mares who have produced a foal by a Shagya-Arabian stallion do not have to be approved for Shagya breeding and continue to be used for Shagya breeding\_ Purebred Arabian mares who have not produced a foal by 2010 will not be able to produce foals for Book I without licensing.

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## **PShR Studbook: Mares**

### **Book I**

**1** Mares must have seven (7) or more registered Shagya-Arabians in the 4th generation

**2** Mares must receive a minimum average inspection score of seven (7) or higher at an ISG affiliated inspection

**3** Mares with a Book I parent and a purebred Arabian parent may be placed in the PShR Studbook I if:

**3.1** If the sire is a purebred Arabian it must have been approved for Shagya breeding.

**3.2** If the dam is a purebred Arabian, the following must be taken into consideration:

**3.2.1** Beginning in the 2010, purebred Arabian mares who have produced a foal by Shagya-Arabian stallion do not have to approved for Shagya breeding ad may continue to

be used for Shagya breeding

**3.2.2** Purebred Arabian mares who have not produced a foal by a Shagya-Arabian by the year 2010 must be approved for breeding to produce foals eligible for Book I.

**4** All mares five (5) years of age or younger in 2010 will be required to complete the PShR licensing criteria for mares to be placed in Book I.

### **Book I Appendix**

1- Less than seven (7) Shagya-Arabians and purebred Arabians in the 4th generation, anything else like BOOK I

### **Book II**

1- Seven (7) or more registered Shagya-Arabians and purebred Arabians in the 4th generation

2- Less than a minimum average inspection score of seven (6) at a ISG affiliated inspection

3- and/or Sires in BOOK II

\*\*\*All mares 5 years of age or younger in 2010 will be required to complete the PShR Licensing criteria for mares to be placed in Book I This includes mares already approved for breeding in the USA.

### **Book I Appendix (Book IA)**

**1** Mares with less than seven (7) Shagya-Arabians in the 4th generation but meet the remaining requirements as Book I are eligible for Book IA.

**2** Purebred Arabians mares meeting the requirements in Book I are eligible for Book II

### **Book II**

**1** Mares must have seven (7) or more registered Shagya-Arabians in the 4th generation

**2** Either of the following two points will place a Studbook I mare into Studbook II:

**2.1** Less than a minimum average inspection score of seven (7) at a ISG affiliated inspection

**2.2** And/or has a sire in Studbook Book II or IIA

### **Book II Appendix (Book IIA)**

**1** Mares with less than seven (7) ancestors being Shagya-Arabian in the 4<sup>th</sup> generation but meet the remaining requirements as Book II are eligible for Book IIA.

**2** Purebred Arabians mares meeting the requirements in Book II are eligible for Book IIA

## **PShR Studbook Categories**

The Shagya-Arabian is the refined continuation - on an international purebred basis - of the "Arabian-Rasse" (Arabian Bred) horse of the Hungarian and Austrian state studs of Babolna, Mezohegyes and Radautz. The breeding goal is a large framed horse of Arabian-type suitable as a noble riding or carriage horse. While the studbooks of these national associations are now closed, the periodic inclusion of purebred Arabian bloodlines is still allowed.

### **Exterior:**

**Color:** grey, bay/brown, black, chestnut. The Shagya Books I and II will not allow the use of multicolored horses.

**Exterior and Type:** The Shagya-Arabian should have the appearance of a beautiful, elegant and harmonious riding horse, while having an unmistakable Arabian-type expression, characterized through a delicate and defined/dry texture and silky hair as well as corresponding details in head and body. Breeding stallions and broodmares should show obvious and distinct gender specific characteristics, while considering the delayed development typical with the influence from the purebred Arabian breed. Undesirable are breeding animals with indistinct breed or indifferent gender characteristics.

**Head:** The head should be small, defined/dry and striking; the profile can be slightly concave or straight. The eyes should be big, dark and wide apart. The nostrils should be dark, big and markedly capable of being expanded. The throatlatch should be wide and the teeth regular. Undesirable are big, heavy, coarse heads; small,

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## **PShR Studbook Criteria**

The Shagya-Arabian is the refined continuation, on an international purebred basis, of the "Arabian-Rasse" (Arabian Bred) horse of the Hungarian and Austrian state studs of Babolna, Mezohegyes and Radautz. While the studbooks of these national associations are now closed, the breeding goal remains a large framed horse of Arabian-type, suitable as a noble riding or carriage horse. The periodic inclusion of purebred Arabian bloodlines is still allowed to achieve that goal.

### **Appearance**

**Color:** The Shagya-Arabian has the recognized solid body colors: grey, bay/brown, black, chestnut. The Shagya Books I and II do not allow the use of multi-colored horses such as a pinto, paint, appaloosa, dun or sobino. White body spots are discouraged.

**Exterior and Type:** The Shagya-Arabian should have the appearance of a beautiful, elegant and harmonious riding horse. An unmistakable Arabian-type expression should be evident with defined, dry features and silky hair. Breeding stallions and broodmares should show obvious and distinct gender specific characteristics. Consideration should be given to the tendency for late maturity typical with horses of Arabian influence. Breeding animals with indistinct breed and/or indifferent gender characteristics are undesirable.

**Head:** The head should be small, defined, dry and expressive. The profile can be slightly concave or straight. The eyes should be big, dark and wide apart. The nostrils should be dark, big and markedly capable of being expanded. The throatlatch should be wide and the teeth regular. Big, heavy, coarse heads; extreme concave profiles; small, high or eyes not on a lateral plane; a

high or not lateral in placement eyes, a narrow throatlatch and all sorts of teeth anomalies.

**Neck:** Desirable is a long noble riding horse neck with a fine throat, a light neck and an arched crest. Undesirable is a neck set too high or too low, as well as a pronounced underside of the neck. Short and heavy necks need to be evaluated negatively.

**Shoulder/Saddle-Area:** Desirable are big, sloping shoulders and a significant far into the back reaching withers. Undesirable are small, flat and steep shoulders, too flat and short or very high and pointed withers.

**Back:** Desirable is a medium long and closed coupled, harmonious, concave well-muscled back that allows an elastic movement of the back. Undesirable is a very short or very long back, a weak back with a too convex or too concave kidney loin's area.

**Croup:** Desirable is an only slightly sloping, long croup. Undesirable is a straight (horizontal), or very sloping or short croup.

**Legs:** Desirable is a dry well-muscled foreleg with distinct joints. The hind legs should show a normal angle with a broad hock that is well coupled with a smooth transition into the cannon bone. The pastern should be elastic and of medium length. Undesirable are any kind of leg conformation faults, lack of muscles, too short or too long, too steep or too weak pasterns, too steep or too sloped angled hind legs, elbows pressed to the chest.

**Hoofs:** Desirable well shaped hooves, matching to the proportions of the horse. Undesirable are any kind of hoof conformation faults, as well as too narrow, pointed, flat, wide hooves and a flat back of the horn walls.

**Correctness of Gaits/Movements:** Desirable is a straight regular movement, noticeable from the

narrow throatlatch; and teeth anomalies are undesirable.

**Neck:** A long noble riding horse neck with a fine throat, a light neck with an arched crest is desirable. Necks set too high or too low on the shoulder, or exhibiting a pronounced underside of the neck is undesirable. Short and heavy necks should be evaluated negatively.

**Shoulder/Saddle-Area:** Desirable shoulders are long with a nice slope that blends well into the withers and back. Short, flat and steep shoulders are undesirable along with flat or peaked withers blending poorly into the back.

**Back:** A desirable back should be medium in length with close coupling, harmonious, and well-muscled with elastic movement.- An undesirable back is proportionally too short or long with a weak loin and lack of movement.

**Croup:** The croup should be slightly sloped and long. Undesirable croups are straight (horizontal to the ground), or are extremely sloped or short.

**Legs:** Legs should be dry, well muscled and exhibit distinct joints. The hind legs should show a normal angle with a broad hock that is well coupled with a smooth transition into the cannon bone. Pasterns should be elastic and of medium length. Undesirable leg faults include but are not limited to: lack of muscle, too short or too long cannons, steep and weak pasterns, steep, sloped or parked out hind legs, or elbows too narrow at the chest.

**Hooves:** Well shaped hooves in proportion to the horse are desirable. Undesirable hoof conformation includes but is not limited to: a narrow, pointed, flat foot; cracked and dry hoof walls, or convex heels.

**Correctness of Gaits/Movements:** Movement should be linear and regular with little joint deviation viewed

front to the back. Undesirable are any kind of irregularities of the movement! gaits, such as paddling or wiggling, as well as twisting joints.

**Walk:** Desirable is a rhythmical, regular four-beat sequence, active relaxed and ground covering. Undesirable is an arrhythmic or faulty (amble), short, dragging, stiff walk.

**Trot:** Desirable is a rhythmical, regular two-beat trot diagonal in stride with energetic forward motion at acceleration, plenty of impulsion with hind legs distinctly supporting the center of gravity, good ground covering and lots of momentum and elasticity as well as a noticeable hovering phase. Undesirable is an arrhythmic, weak, short and limited, flat without momentum, uptight trot, or lateral pacing stride.

**Canter:** Desirable is a regular rhythmical three-beat in correct sequence, diligent, powerful, magnificent, with lots of momentum, elastic uphill canter. Undesirable is an arrhythmic, dragging, short and flat canter without movement and insufficient jumping phase with rushed repetition or cross cantering.

**Jumping:** Desirable is a bold horse that enjoys jumping with good jumping ability, fast and well bent forelegs, while hind legs are opening, and an elastic and well arched back (bascule) during the jump. Additionally the optimal ability to assess the distance before the jump including great skills over the jump is desired. Undesirable is a reluctant, coward, jumping without control, hanging foreleg, high nose across the jump, retracted hind legs, a stiff and straight or hollow back.

**Rideability:** Desirable is a pleasant rhythm and seat experience, where the rider is taken along with the momentum due to good back activity. An alert, sensitive, confident contact, a content chewing mouth with salivation, an eagerness to please temperament, and willingness to learn. Undesirable is a seat sensation, where the rider is

from the front or back. Irregular movement exhibiting paddling or winging are undesirable.

**Walk:** The walk should be a rhythmical, regular four-beat sequence with an active, relaxed and ground covering stride. An undesirable walk is arrhythmic or faulty in sequence (amble), short, dragging, or stiff in stride..

**Trot:** The trot is a rhythmical, regular two-beat diagonal stride with energetic forward motion at acceleration. The hind legs should have distinct impulsion supporting the center of gravity. The stride should be ground covering with evident momentum and elasticity as well as a noticeable hovering phase. An undesirable trot is arrhythmic, weak, short and limited, lacking in impulsion, or lateral in sequence.

**Canter:** The canter should be a regular, rhythmical, three-beat stride in correct sequence. The canter should exhibit diligent, powerful, magnificent movement with momentum and elastic uphill carriage . An undesirable canter is arrhythmic, toe dragging, short and flat without movement, or rushed and cross cantering.

**Jumping:** When jumping a horse should look bold, confident and happy while displaying good jumping ability. Front legs should be tucked while the hind legs are open. The back should be well arched (bascule) and elastic. The horse should be able to determine the appropriate take off and handing over the jump. Undesirable jumping technique include jumping without control, hanging forelegs, head too high, retracted hind legs and a stiff, straight or hollow back.

**Rideability:** Under saddle the rider should be taken along with the momentum due to a pleasant rhythm and supple back movement. An alert mount that is sensitive to contact yet confident exhibiting an eagerness to please and willingness to learn. Relaxed with a soft and moist mouth is desired. An undesirable mount is overly sensitive to the aids and not in harmony with the rider. Movement that is stiff and rebellious to the aids, with

not in harmony with the movement, stiffness and rebellious against the hand, an insensitive, hard mouth, which is not able to reach suppleness, or a lolling tongue, a listless or hot-tempered horse uninterested in learning and difficult to collect

**Interior:** Desirable is a trusting, good-natured behaviour in the stable and an at all times quiet and safe outside the stable, with strong nerves and manageability when unexpected stimuli occur. Undesirable is nasty and mean behaviour in the stable, spooky, over anxious behavior while being handled, panicky and uncontrollable reactions to unexpected stimuli.

**Health:** Desirable is, in general, a robust health, longevity and fertility, stamina and frugality, without hereditary defects, minimal proneness to health related risks in regards to the joint illnesses (Podotrochlosis), OCD (Osteochondrosis Dissencans Tarsi), spavin and arthritis of the toe joints, as well as a minimal risk for respiratory diseases.

## 2. Breed description, Breeding goal and Registration requirements

Shagya-Arabians which are registered or eligible to be registered in an association accepted from the ISG. The PShR Studbook Categories are based on the ISG standards of the General Studbook Regulation Framework (RZBO). These categories evaluate the pedigree and performance of each horse as an individual to determine his or her placement in the studbook. This continued evaluation of each horse maintains the continuation of breeding a Shagya-Arabian in the tradition of the original expectation of high standards.

### PShR Registration Numbering

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an insensitive and dry mouth, and exhibiting a listless or hot-tempered attitude avoiding learning or collection is undesirable.

**Interior/Temperament:** Desirable is a trusting, good-natured behaviour inside and outside the stable, that remains manageable and calm when unexpected stimuli occurs. Undesirable qualities include a nasty and mean behavior inside and outside the stable; spooky, over anxious behaviour; panic and uncontrollable reactions to unexpected stimuli.

**Health:** A horse should be robust, disease and anomaly free for longevity, fertility, stamina and frugality of the breed. Horses should be free of hereditary defects or conditions and present a minimal proneness to health related risks in regards to the joint illnesses (Podotrochlosis), OCD (Osteochondrosis Dissencans Tarsi), spavin and arthritis of the toe joints as well as genetic syndromes.

## 2. Breed description, Breeding goal and Registration requirements

Shagya-Arabians registered or eligible for registry in a recognized association of the ISG are also recognized by the PShR. The PShR Studbook Categories are based on the ISG standards of the General Studbook Regulation Framework (RZBO). These categories evaluate the pedigree and performance of each horse as an individual to determine his or her placement in the studbook. This continued evaluation of each horse maintains the continuation of breeding a Shagya-Arabian in the tradition of the original expectation of high standards.

### PShR Registration Numbering

2.1. Studbook Categories I & II - Shagya registration numbers= PShR-YOB-# (entry number in

2.1. Studbook Categories I & II - Shagya registration numbers= PShR-YOB-# (entry number in sequential order starting with 1000) Example: PShR-09-1004.

2.2 Performance tests, Elite Status and Titles will be listed behind the name.

2.3. Placement in studbook categories may change as horses complete licensing requirements.

2.4 Imported horses must present all original pedigree and registration information to register in the PShR registry.

### **3. Mandatory Requirements For All Horses Seeking PShR Licensing:**

**3.1. Inspected** - Mares and Stallions will be inspected and evaluated per ISG standards. Horses are to be shown on the triangle and at liberty both directions of the ring.

**3.2. SCID** - All purebred Arabian mares or stallions must submit a negative test for SCID and must be on file with the PShR Registrar. Please refer to the PShR Breeding Guidelines for complete instructions; they might change with new knowledge and bylaws.

**3.3 Free Jumping** - All horses must complete a free jumping course at a recognized PShR inspection site as per ISG recommendations.

**3.4 Interior Test** -All horses will be required to complete an Interior Test as per the ZSAA (Zuchtverband für Sportpferde arabischer Abstammung eV) criteria at a recognized PShR inspection.

**3.5 DNA** - All breeding stock must have results on file with the PShR registrar. Copies of a DNA result have to be sent to PShR and to the owner.

**3.6 Veterinary Examination** - All horses

sequential order starting with 1000) Example: PShR-09-1004.

2.2 Performance tests, Elite Status and Titles will be listed behind the name.

2.3. Placement in studbook categories may change as horses complete licensing requirements.

2.4 Imported horses must present all original pedigree and registration information to register in the PShR registry.

### **3. Mandatory Requirements For All Horses Seeking PShR Licensing:**

**3.1. Inspected** - Mares and Stallions will be inspected and evaluated per ISG standards for breeding approval. Horses are to be shown on the triangle and at liberty both directions of the ring.

**3.2. SCID** - All purebred Arabian mares or stallions must submit a negative test for SCID and must be on file with the PShR Registrar. Shagya-Arabian stallions are encouraged to provide a negative SCID test result.

**3.3 Free Jumping** - All horses must complete a free jumping course at a recognized PShR inspection site.

**3.4 Interior/Temperament Test** -All horses will be required to complete an Interior Test as per the ZSAA (Zuchtverband für Sportpferde arabischer Abstammung eV) criteria at a recognized PShR inspection.

**3.5 DNA** - All breeding stock must have DNA results on file with the PShR registrar.

**3.6 Veterinary Examination** - All horses nominated for Licensing will stand for a veterinary examination at a

nominated for Licensing will stand for a veterinary examination at a recognized PShR inspection site. The exam will be conducted by a licensed veterinarian and will include but is not limited to a flexion test and trot out on a hard surface. An exam for anomalies, heart defects, existing faults of teeth or testicles, deficiencies or other conditions indicating genetic predisposition will be conducted per the RZBO guidelines.

#### **4. Stallions- and Elite Criteria**

All horses 4 years old or older must be ridden at a PShR inspection. Horses must be presented at a walk, trot and canter in the discipline style of the riders' choice. Horses will be ridden both directions of the ring, complete a 20 meter circle and cross the diagonal of the ring. If possible two or three horses will work in the ring at one time. Mixing stallions with mares can be an exception. Observation will include:

- a) Overall impression
- b) Willingness to work
- c) Tractability
- d) Temperament
- e) Way of going

One or two test riders will also ride the horse and report to the judges their overall impression. Open Competition Requirements completed and documented. Categories include a choice in one of the following divisions: 3-day testing; Jumping; Dressage; Endurance; Distance Riding or Driving; and Racing. Additional categories may be considered upon submission to the PShR Board of Directors.

recognized PShR inspection site. The exam will be conducted by a licensed veterinarian and will include but is not limited to a flexion test and trot out on a hard surface. An exam for anomalies, heart defects, faulty bite or teeth, retained or immature testicles, deficiencies or other conditions indicating genetic predisposition will be conducted per the RZBO guidelines.

**3.7 Rideability** - Horses four (4) years of age or older will be ridden by a rider of the owner's choice and by a test rider selected by the PShR per the criteria at an approved PShR inspection.

**3.7.1** Horses must be presented at a walk, trot and canter in the discipline style of the riders' choice. Horses will be ridden both directions of the ring, complete a 20 meter circle and cross the diagonal of the ring. If possible two or three horses will work in the ring at one time.

**3.7.2** Mixing stallions and mares should be avoided

**3.7.3** Observation will include:

- a) Overall impression
- b) Willingness to work
- c) Tractability
- d) Temperament
- e) Way of going

**3.7.3** One or two test riders will also ride the horse and report to the judges their overall impression.

**3.8 Open Competition** - Horses must document the completion of one of the performance categories.

**3.8.1** Categories include a choice in one of the following divisions: 3-day testing; Jumping; Dressage; Endurance; Distance Riding or Driving; and Racing.

**3.8.2** Additional categories may be considered upon submission to the PShR Board of Directors.

#### **4.1 Judging**

A consistent grading scale used by the associated member organizations of ISG will be used. In addition, the assessment of horses should also provide breeders guidance towards a breeding goal. The assessment includes the following sub-criteria with the following grades:

#### **4.2 Scores**

10 - Outstanding

9 - Very Good

8- Good

7 - Above Satisfactory

6- Satisfactory

5- Sufficient

4- Insufficient

3- Poor

2- Very Poor

1- Bad

#### **4.3 Judging should be done according to the seven following criteria:**

**1- Type** = overall expression regarding race and sex, head, eye, appearance

**2- Conformation** = exterior, neck shoulder top line, including withers and carrying of the tail, depth and width of girth

#### **4. Judging**

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#### **4.1 Scores**

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3- Poor

2- Very Poor

1- Bad

#### **4.2 Judging should be done according to the seven following criteria:**

**1- Type** = overall expression regarding race and sex, head, eye, appearance

**2- Conformation** = exterior, neck shoulder top line, including withers and carrying of the tail, depth and width of girth

**3- Legs** = strength/circumference of bones, joints, correctness, as well as leg movement

**4- Walk** = ground covering, 4 beat, diligent, correctness

**5- Trot** = ground covering, momentum, elasticity, 2 beat, correctness

**6- Canter** = ground covering, active hind legs, 3 beat, correctness

**7- Free Jumping** = jumping aptitude, ability to assess the distance correctly, jumping ability, bascule

The total score achieved by a horse is calculated by adding up the points of each criteria and dividing the sum by 7 (average). The commission as a whole records the assessment during the registration process into the studbook.

In special cases and by cause the assessment can be updated after one year at the earliest. For the registration into the studbook, later received information has to be reasonably considered, which give reliable information about the breeding value of a horse.

#### **4.5 Commission for Inspection (Judging Panel)**

The Inspection Commission (Judges) will be carried out by members based on their specialized qualifications and in good standing with the ISG. An ideal panel would include:

- 1- Judge approved by the ISG
- 2- A neutral Shagya-Arabian expert specializing in performance
- 3- An experienced Shagya-Arabian breeder
- 4- A breeding manager of a large scale production

**3- Legs** = strength/circumference of bones, joints, correctness, as well as leg movement

**4- Walk** = ground covering, 4 beat, diligent, correctness

**5- Trot** = ground covering, momentum, elasticity, 2 beat, correctness

**6- Canter** = ground covering, active hind legs, 3 beat, correctness

**7- Free Jumping** = jumping aptitude, ability to assess the distance correctly, jumping ability, demonstrating proper bascule.

The total score achieved by a horse is calculated by adding up the points of each criteria and dividing the sum by seven (7) to obtain the average score. The commission as a whole records the assessment during the registration process into the studbook. In special cases and by cause the assessment can be updated after one year at the earliest. For the registration into the studbook, later received information has to be reasonably considered, which give reliable information about the breeding value of a horse

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- 1- Judge approved by the ISG
- 2- A neutral Shagya-Arabian expert specializing in performance
- 3- An experienced Shagya-Arabian breeder
- 4- A breeding manager of a large scale production

#### **4. I. PShR Licensed Stallion:**

Stallions must complete the mandatory requirements and one of the following performance divisions. Performance may be started before the required Shagya-Arabian approval for breeding and mandatory requirements.

##### **4. I.1. Jumping**

- Placed at least five (5) times in the upper 25% of a class at a level comparable to the RZBO requirement of "L- level" of 1 meter 20.
- Competitions must be recognized by the USEF.

##### **4. I.2. Dressage**

- Receive the USDF All-Breed award at First Level

##### **4. I.3. 3-day Event**

- Placed at least five (5) times in the upper 25% of a class at a level comparable to the RZBO requirement "L- level" of 1 meter 20.
- Competitions must be recognized by the USEF.

##### **4.I.4 Endurance - Two options**

- Obtain 73 points as per the VZAP (Verband der Zuechter des Arabischen Pferdes eV) Pace Criteria. This must include the completion of two 50-mile rides. Points are calculated as the distance in miles divided by the completion time. OR
- Place in the Top Ten of the AERC Jim Jones end of year division.

##### **4. I.5. Distance Riding - Two options**

- Complete 1000 miles (may be a combination of

#### **5.I PShR Licensed Stallion:**

Stallions must complete the mandatory requirements and one of the following performance divisions. Performance may be started before the required Shagya-Arabian approval for breeding and mandatory requirements.

##### **5.I.1. Jumping**

- Placed at least five (5) times in the upper 25% of a class at a level comparable to the RZBO requirement of "L- level" of 1 meter 20.
- Competitions must be recognized by the USEF.

##### **5.I.2. Dressage**

- Receive the USDF All-Breed award at First Level

##### **5.I.3. 3-day Event**

- Placed at least five (5) times in the upper 25% of a class at a level comparable to the RZBO requirement "L- level" of 1 meter 20.
- Competitions must be recognized by the USEF.

##### **5.I.4 Endurance - Two options**

- 5.I.4.1** Obtain 73 points as per the VZAP (Verband der Zuechter des Arabischen Pferdes eV) Pace Criteria. This must include the completion of two 50-mile rides. Points are calculated as the distance in miles divided by the completion time. OR
- 5.I.4.2** Place in the Top Ten of the AERC Jim Jones end of year division.

##### **5.I.5. Distance Riding - Two options**

- 5.I.5.1** Complete 1000 miles (may be a combination of

competitive and/or endurance and/or LD) in sanctioned organizations. OR

- Complete 500 miles and place in the top ten in an AHA National Competitive, AHA National Endurance, or AERC National Championship Ride.

#### **4.1.6. Stallions testing trials**

- Stallions may complete a 30-day stallion testing conducted by the ISR (International Sporthorse Registry) or a test similar in criteria.

- Stallions must score a minimum of 75% or higher.

#### **4.1.7. Racing**

- As per the RZBO guidelines, a flat race test with a GAG\* of at least 58 kg (127.6 lbs).

\*GAG is the weight in kg a horse theoretically would carry in a hypothetical general handicap for all racehorses in Germany.

#### **4.1.8. Meritorious Sire**

Any stallion with a total of 10 points acquired from performance accomplishments of his

progeny. The point system equals:

Licensed Progeny = 2 points per horse

Elite Progeny = 5 points per horse

Stallions may be acknowledged posthumously. Points received by progeny from continued completion and/or inspections may be updated accordingly.

#### **4.1.9. Other Disciplines**

Western Riding, Reining, Hunter, Driving and

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competitive and/or endurance and/or LD) in sanctioned organizations. OR

**5.1.5.2** Complete 500 miles and place in the top ten in an AHA National Competitive, AHA National Endurance, or AERC National Championship Ride.

#### **5.1.6. Stallions testing trials**

- Stallions may complete a 30-day stallion testing conducted by the ISR (International Sporthorse Registry) or a test similar in criteria.

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The point system equals:

Licensed Progeny = 2 points per horse

Elite Progeny = 5 points per horse

Stallions may be acknowledged posthumously. Points received by progeny from continued completion and/or inspections may be updated accordingly.

#### **5.1.9. Other Disciplines**

Western Riding, Reining, Hunter, Driving and other riding

other riding disciplines can be submitted to the PShR for consideration.

#### **4.II. PShR Elite Stallion:**

Mandatory requirements for all horses seeking Elite status:

Licensed progeny - Elite stallions must have produced at least ten (10) performance licensed progeny.

With the approval of the PShR any stallion physically unable to compete may substitute fifteen (15) performance licensed progeny will not be required to complete a performance requirement.

- Completed one of the PShR performance testing requirements.

#### **4.II. Jumping**

- Placed at least ten (10) times in the upper 25% of a class at a level comparable to the RZBO requirement of "M level" of 1 meter 30+ or higher.

- Competitions must be recognized by the USEF.

#### **4.II.2. Dressage**

- Received the USDF All-Breed award at Third Level or higher

#### **4.II.3. 3-day Event**

- Placed at least ten (10) times in the upper 25% of a class at a level comparable to the RZBO requirement "M level" of 1 meter 30+ or higher.

- Competitions must be recognized by the USEF.

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#### **5.II. PShR Elite Stallion:**

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-With the approval of the PShR any stallion physically unable to compete may substitute fifteen (15) performance licensed progeny will not be required to complete a performance requirement.

- Completed one of the PShR performance testing requirements.

#### **5.II.1 Jumping**

- Placed at least ten (10) times in the upper 25% of a class at a level comparable to the RZBO requirement of "M level" of 1 meter 30+ or higher.

- Competitions must be recognized by the USEF.

#### **5.II.2. Dressage**

- Received the USDF All-Breed award at Third Level or higher

#### **5.II.3. 3-day Event**

- Placed at least ten (10) times in the upper 25% of a class at a level comparable to the RZBO requirement "M level" of 1 meter 30+ or higher.

- Competitions must be recognized by the USEF.

#### **4.II.4. Endurance - Two options**

- Obtain 81 points as per the VZAP (Verband der Zuchter des Arabischen Pferdes eV) Pace Criteria. This must include the completion of two 50-mile rides. Points are calculated as the distance in miles divided by the completion time. OR
- Place in top three AERC Jim Jones end of year division.

#### **4.II.5. Distance Riding - Two options**

- Complete 2000 miles (may be a combination of competitive and/or endurance and/or LD) in sanctioned organizations. OR
- Complete 1000 miles and place in the top ten in an AHA National Competitive, AHA National Endurance, or AERC National Championship Ride.

#### **4.II.6. Stallion Testing Trials**

- Stallions may complete a 100-day stallion testing conducted by the ISR (International Sporthorse Registry) or a test similar in criteria.
- Stallions must score a minimum of 75% or higher.

#### **4.II.7. Meritorious Elite-Sire**

Any stallion with a total of 20 points acquired from performance accomplishments of his progeny. The point system equals:

Licensed Progeny = 2 points per horse

Elite Progeny = 5 points per horse

Stallions may be acknowledged posthumously. Points received by progeny from continued completion and/or inspections may be updated accordingly.

#### **5.II.4. Endurance - Two options**

- 5.II.4.1** Obtain 81 points as per the VZAP (Verband der Zuchter des Arabischen Pferdes eV) Pace Criteria. This must include the completion of two 50-mile rides. Points are calculated as the distance in miles divided by the completion time. OR
- 5.II.4.2** Place in top three AERC Jim Jones end of year division.

#### **5.II.5. Distance Riding - Two options**

- 5.II.5.1** Complete 2000 miles (may be a combination of competitive and/or endurance and/or LD) in sanctioned organizations. OR
- 5.II.5.2** Complete 1000 miles and place in the top ten in an AHA National Competitive, AHA National Endurance, or AERC National Championship Ride.

#### **5.II.6. Stallion Testing Trials**

- Stallions may complete a 100-day stallion testing conducted by the ISR (International Sporthorse Registry) or a test similar in criteria.
- Stallions must score a minimum of 75% or higher.

#### **5.II.7. Meritorious Elite-Sire**

Any stallion with a total of 20 points acquired from the performance accomplishments of his progeny.

The point system equals:

Licensed Progeny = 2 points per horse

Elite Progeny = 5 points per horse

Stallions may be acknowledged posthumously. Points received by progeny from continued completion and/or inspections may be updated accordingly.

#### **4.II.8. Other Disciplines**

Western Riding, Reining, Hunter, Driving and other riding disciplines can be submitted to the PShR for consideration.

#### **5. Mare Licensing and Elite Criteria**

##### **5.I. PShR Licensed Mare:**

Mares must complete the mandatory requirements and one of the performance divisions listed. Performance may be started before the required Shagya approval for breeding and mandatory requirements.

##### **5.I.1. Jumping**

Placed at least five (5) times in the upper 25% of a class at a level comparable to the RZBO requirement of "E level" of 90cm to 1 meter.

- Competitions must be recognized by the USEF.

##### **5.I.2. Dressage**

Receive the USDF All-Breed award at Training Level.

##### **5.I.3. 3-day Event:**

Placed at least five (5) times in the upper 25% of a class at a level comparable to the RZBO requirement of "E level" of 90cm to 1 meter.

- Competitions must be recognized by the USEF.

##### **5.I.4. Endurance**

Complete 500 miles at a sanctioned AERC ride.

##### **5.I.5. Distance Riding - Two options**

#### **5.II.8. Other Disciplines**

Western Riding, Reining, Hunter, Driving and other riding disciplines can be submitted to the PShR for consideration.

#### **6. Mare Licensing and Elite Criteria**

##### **6.I. PShR Licensed Mare:**

Mares must complete the mandatory requirements and one of the performance divisions listed. Performance may be started before the required Shagya approval for breeding and mandatory requirements.

##### **6.I.1. Jumping**

- Placed at least five (5) times in the upper 25% of a class at a level comparable to the RZBO requirement of "E level" of 90cm to 1 meter.

- Competitions must be recognized by the USEF.

##### **6.I.2. Dressage**

Receive the USDF All-Breed award at Training Level.

##### **6.I.3. 3-day Event:**

- Placed at least five (5) times in the upper 25% of a class at a level comparable to the RZBO requirement of "E level" of 90cm to 1 meter.

- Competitions must be recognized by the USEF.

##### **6.I.4. Endurance**

Complete 500 miles at a sanctioned AERC ride.

##### **6.I.5. Distance Riding - Two options**

**6.I.5.1** Complete 500 miles (may be a combination of competitive and/or endurance and/or LD) in sanctioned

- Complete 500 miles (may be a combination of competitive and/or endurance and/or LD) in sanctioned organizations. OR

- Complete 250 miles and place top ten in an AHA National Competitive, AHA National Endurance, or AERC National Championship Ride.

### **5.I.6. Meritorious Mare**

Any mare with a total of 5 points acquired from performance accomplishments of her progeny.

The point system equals:

Licensed Progeny = 2 points per horse

Elite Progeny = 5 points per horse

Mares may be acknowledged posthumously.

Points received by progeny from continued completion and/or inspections may be updated accordingly.

### **5.I.7. Other Disciplines**

Western Riding, Reining, Hunter, Driving and other riding disciplines can be submitted to the PShR for consideration.

### **5.II. PShR Elite Mare:**

Mandatory requirements for all mares seeking Elite status:

Must have produced at least six (6) PShR performance licensed progeny With the approval of the PShR Licensing committee any mare deemed physically unable to compete may substitute eight (8) performance licensed progeny Completed one of following PShR performance testing requirements:

#### **5.II.1. Jumping**

Placed at least ten (10) times in the upper 25% of

organizations. OR

**6.I.5.2** Complete 250 miles and place top ten in an AHA National Competitive, AHA National Endurance, or AERC National Championship Ride.

### **6.I.6. Meritorious Mare**

Any mare with a total of 5 points acquired from the accomplishments of her progeny.

The point system equals:

Licensed Progeny = 2 points per horse

Elite Progeny = 5 points per horse

Mares may be acknowledged posthumously.

Points received by progeny from continued completion and/or inspections may be updated accordingly.

### **6.I.7. Other Disciplines**

Western Riding, Reining, Hunter, Driving and other riding disciplines can be submitted to the PShR for consideration.

### **6.II. PShR Elite Mare:**

Mandatory requirements for all mares seeking Elite status:

Must have produced at least six (6) PShR performance licensed progeny

With the approval of the PShR Licensing committee any

mare deemed physically unable to compete may

substitute eight (8) performance licensed progeny

Completed one of following PShR performance testing requirements:

#### **6.II.1. Jumping**

- Placed at least ten (10) times in the upper 25% of a class at a level comparable to the RZBO requirement of "A level" of 1 meter 10.

a class at a level comparable to the RZBO requirement of "A level" of 1 meter 10.

- Competitions must be recognized by the USEF.

### **5.II.2. Dressage**

Place in the Top Five of the USDF All-Breed award at First Level.

### **5.II.3. 3-day Event:**

Placed at least ten (10) times in the upper 25% of a class at a level comparable to the RZBO requirement of "A level" of 1 meter 10.

- Competitions must be recognized by the USEF.

### **5.II.4. Endurance**

Complete 1000 miles at a sanctioned AERC ride.

### **5.II.5. Distance Riding - Two options**

Complete 1000 miles (may be a combination of competitive and/or endurance and/or LD) in sanctioned organizations. OR

- Complete 500 miles and place top ten in an AHA National Competitive, AHA National Endurance, or AERC National Championship Ride.

### **5.II.6. Mare testing trials**

Mares may complete a mare testing conducted by the ISR (International Sporthorse Registry) or a test similar in criteria.

- Mares must score a minimum of 65% or higher.

- Competitions must be recognized by the USEF.

### **6.II.2. Dressage**

Place in the Top Five of the USDF All-Breed award at First Level.

### **6.II.3. 3-day Event:**

-Placed at least ten (10) times in the upper 25% of a class at a level comparable to the RZBO requirement of "A level" of 1 meter 10.

- Competitions must be recognized by the USEF.

### **6.II.4. Endurance**

Complete 1000 miles at a sanctioned AERC ride.

### **6.II.5. Distance Riding - Two options**

**6.II.5.1** Complete 1000 miles (may be a combination of competitive and/or endurance and/or LD) in sanctioned organizations. OR

**6.II.5.2** Complete 500 miles and place top ten in an AHA National Competitive, AHA National Endurance, or AERC National Championship Ride.

### **6.II.6. Mare testing trials**

-Mares may complete a mare testing conducted by the ISR (International Sporthorse Registry) or a test similar in criteria.

- Mares must score a minimum of 65% or higher.

### **6.II.7. Meritorious Elite- Mare**

### **5.II.7. Meritorious Elite- Mare**

Any mare with a total of 10 points acquired from performance accomplishments of her progeny.

The point system equals:

Licensed Progeny = 2 points per horse

Elite Progeny = 5 points per horse

Mares may be acknowledged posthumously. Points received by progeny from continued completion and/or inspections may be updated accordingly.

### **5.II.8. Other Disciplines**

Western Riding, Reining, Hunter, Driving and other riding disciplines can be submitted to the PShR for consideration.

## **6. Responsibilities of Stallion Owners**

The Stallions owner has the obligation to do everything, that it is impossible to fail the RZBO of the ISG. Or it is considered proven, that a clean breeding Situation is not given. The Breeding Chairman should inform the BOD of the PShR, when par Example the mare owner got false information or the health of the stallion is in jeopardy.

### **6.1. Change of Ownership or Location**

The stallion owner shall advise the Association of any leasing arrangements made for the stallion and of any change in the person(s) responsible for the stallion. A copy of the written lease must be on file with the Registrar.

Any mare with a total of 10 points acquired from the performance accomplishments of her progeny.

The point system equals:

Licensed Progeny = 2 points per horse

Elite Progeny = 5 points per horse

Mares may be acknowledged posthumously.

Points received by progeny from continued completion and/or inspections may be updated accordingly.

### **6.II.8. Other Disciplines**

Western Riding, Reining, Hunter, Driving and other riding disciplines can be submitted to the PShR for consideration.

## **7. Responsibilities of the Stallion Owners**

All stallion owners are responsible for the integrity of the ISG RZBO and the Shagya-Arabian breed. Stallion owners are required to document all breedings, the complete identification of the mare being bred and good animal husbandry. Mares may not be bred to a second stallion in the same breeding season within 45 days of a previous breeding in addition to an ultrasound confirming a non-pregnancy. Any genetic diseases or disorders that would affect the fertility of the breed must be reported to the registrar.

### **7.1. Change of Ownership or Location**

The stallion owner shall advise the Association of any leasing arrangements made for the stallion and of any change in the person(s) responsible for the stallion. A copy of the written lease must be on file with the Registrar.

## 6.2. Stallion Breeding Report List

The owner or lessee of an approved Shagya-Arabian stallion registered with the PShR, or the owner of frozen semen from an approved stallion registered with the PShR, as the case might be, must submit an Annual Stallion Report Form by December 31. every single year on a form provided by the Association.

## 6.3 Stallion Breeding Report (Single)

The stallion breeding report (every mare which was bred) shall include the mare's registration number, the mare's registered name, the name and address of the owner, or lessee if applicable, at the time of service, and all breeding or shipment dates or dates of exposure as well as the method of breeding employee. This report must include mares bred by transported fresh or frozen semen.

Each stallion breeding report shall be signed by the record owner, or the lessee if applicable, of each stallion at the time of service, or by the owner of the dispensed frozen semen, as the case might be. A separate report needs to be completed for each individual stallion.

## 7. Report of a foal

The report of a born foal has to be send in a time of 28 days after birth to the registrar. This has to

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## 7.2. Stallion Breeding Report List

The owner or lessee of an approved Shagya-Arabian stallion registered with the PShR, or the owner of frozen semen from an approved stallion registered with the PShR, as the case might be, must submit an Annual Stallion Report Form by December 31.

- If breeding has not occurred a report must be submitted noting no breeding occurred during the year.

### 7.2.1 Stallion Breeding Report

The stallion breeding report (every mare which was bred) shall include:

- the mare's registration number,
- the mare's registered name,
- the name and address of the owner, or lessee if applicable, at the time of service,
- all breeding or shipment dates or dates of exposure,
- the method of breeding

**7.2.2** This report must include mares bred by transported fresh or frozen semen.

**7.2.3** Each stallion breeding report shall be signed by the record owner, or the lessee if applicable, of each stallion at the time of service, or by the owner of the dispensed frozen semen, as the case might be.

**7.2.4** A separate report needs to be completed for each individual stallion.

## 8. Report of a foal

The birth of a foal must be reported within 28 days to the registrar. This applies to a stillborn birth or foals dying shortly after birth. Information on the report must

be done also for dead birth and foals which died briefly after birth. Minimum information at the report is: Name and number and owner of the sire, name, number and owner of the dam, date of birth, details in case of death, signature of the owner of the dam.

## 8. Branding of Shagya-Arabians (left upper hind leg)

Shagya-Arabians will be branded with the Brand of the “Shagya –Sun” with the inside sign “Sh” from designated people onto the upper left hind leg.

Exceptions are to be allowed from the ISG.

Hot brand for Shagya-Arabians out of Stallion Book I and II and Marebook I and II



### 8.1 House brands/Farm brands

An additional brand of a Ranch or Farm “House brand” will need a confirmation of the ISG

include:

- Name and number and owner of the sire,
- Name, number and owner of the dam,
- Date of birth,
- Details in case of death,
- Signature of the owner of the dam.

## 9. Branding of Shagya-Arabians (left upper hind leg)

**9.0.1** Shagya-Arabians can be hot branded with the ISG Brand of the “Shagya –Sun” with the inside sign “Sh” onto the upper left hind leg by a PShR designated person.

**9.0.2** Brandings will be noted on the registration certificate and reported to the registrar.

**9.0.3** Any exceptions must be agreed upon by the ISG. Shagya-Arabians out of Stallion Book I and II and Marebook I and II are eligible for branding.



### 9.1 House brands/Farm brands

An additional brand of a Ranch or Farm “House brand” will need a confirmation of the ISG if it interferes with the Shagya Sun brand.

## 8.2 Brand designation

Only designated people are allowed to do the brand for the PShR. Exceptions need to be confirmed from the PShR. The one who does the brand has before branding to confirm with help of the parents pedigree and the markings the identity of the horse.

**PShR Performance Shagya – Arabian Registry**

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**PShR President's Signature      Date and Location**

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**PShR Secretary's Signature      Date and Location**

## 9.2 Brand designation

Only people designated by the PShR are allowed to use the ISG Shagya brand. Exceptions need to be approved by the PShR. The identity, markings and pedigree should be confirmed by the individual branding the horse before the application of the brand.

**PShR Performance Shagya – Arabian Registry**

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**PShR President's Signature      Date and Location**

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**PShR Secretary's Signature      Date and Location**

